PLACER MOSQUITO AND VECTOR CONTROL DISTRICT Roseville, California

Independent Auditors' Reports,
Management's Discussion and Analysis,
Basic Financial Statements, and
Required Supplementary Information

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023



PLACER MOSQUITO AND VECTOR CONTROL DISTRICT For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Trustees Placer Mosquito and Vector Control District Roseville, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the general fund of Placer Mosquito and Vector Control District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the entity's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the general fund of Placer Mosquito and Vector Control District as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness
 of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and pension and OPEB information, as listed on the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 17, 2024 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Roseville, California April 17, 2024

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

As management of the Placer Mosquito and Vector Control District (District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the District's basic financial statements, which begin on page 13.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the District exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of the resources at the close of fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 by \$4,828,092 (net position).
- The District had program and general revenues of \$5,685,361 and program expenses of \$5,656,957 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental fund reported ending fund balance of \$3,550,708.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the basic financial statements. **Required supplementary information** is included in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, using accounting methods similar to those of a private-sector business. These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 13-14 of this report.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities and deferred outflows and inflows of resources as of the end of the fiscal year, with the differences reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information on how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements report on the function of the District that is principally supported by charges for services (benefit assessments). The District's function is to control mosquitoes in order to increase the quality of life and decrease the risk of disease transmission in Placer County.

Fund financial statements are the more familiar groupings of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Governmental Fund

The governmental fund is used to account for essentially the same function reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term financial resources, such as cash, that (1) have been spent on District programs during the fiscal year and (2) that will be available for financing such programs in the near future. The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15-18 of this report.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented in the governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financial decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between the governmental funds and governmental activities.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes can be found on pages 19-39 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information is presented to reflect a budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund, as well as the schedule of District's proportionate share of the net pension liability and related ratios, schedule of District's pension plan contributions, schedule of changes in net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability and related ratios, and the schedule of District's OPEB contributions. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 40-45 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, net position (assets and deferred outflows of resources in excess of liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) was \$4,828,092 as of June 30, 2023, the close of the District's fiscal year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023 and 2022

			Dollar	Percentage
	 2023	 2022	Change	Change
Current assets	\$ 3,822,204	\$ 3,731,396	\$ 90,808	2%
Capital assets, net	 3,735,648	3,755,559	(19,911)	-1%
Total assets	7,557,852	7,486,955	70,897	1%
Deferred outflows of resources	1,448,393	 754,299	694,094	92%
Current liabilities	636,479	737,935	(101,456)	-14%
Long-term liabilities	1,789,797	2,041,714	(251,917)	-12%
Net pension liability	887,737	116,564	771,173	662%
Net OPEB liability	592,322	33,808	558,514	1652%
Total liabilities	3,906,335	2,930,021	 976,314	33%
Deferred inflows of resources	 271,818	 511,545	 (239,727)	-47%
Net position				
Net Investment in capital assets	1,807,453	1,579,980	227,473	14%
Restricted	240,051	229,668	10,383	5%
Unrestricted	2,780,588	2,990,040	(209,452)	- 7%
Total net position	\$ 4,828,092	\$ 4,799,688	28,404	1%

The District's net position increased by \$28,404 or 1% as of June 30, 2023 when compared to the prior year net position.

Current assets increased by \$90,808 or 2% due to an increase in total cash and investments as a result of an increase in charges for services (benefit assessments) based on the increase in the number of assessed properties and the CPI increase in benefit assessment rates. Capital assets decreased by \$19,911 or 1% mainly due to current year equipment and lease asset additions of approximately \$135,000 and SBITA assets of approximately \$68,000 due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 96, offset by depreciation and amortization of approximately \$221,000.

Current liabilities decreased by \$101,456 or 14% primarily due to the decrease in salaries and benefits, and voucher payables. The decrease in long-term liabilities of \$251,917 or 12% was mainly due to current year debt payments. The increases in net pension and net OPEB liabilities, and the increase and decrease in the related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, respectively, were mainly due to the changes in actuarial assumptions and poor investment performance at the Plan level (CalPERS) from the actuarial valuation reports measured as of June 30, 2022.

The District's net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, building and improvements, and equipment) is not in spendable form and therefore, is not available to provide future program services. The unrestricted net position of the District is available for future use to provide program services.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

		2023	2022	Dollar Change	Percentage Change
Revenues:					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services (benefit assessments)	\$:	5,205,095	\$ 4,918,395	\$ 286,700	6%
General revenues:					
Property taxes		391,875	374,620	17,255	5%
Intergovernmental revenue		-	52,954	(52,954)	-100%
Investment earnings (loss) and other revenue		88,391	 (39,975)	 128,366	-321%
Total revenues		5,685,361	5,305,994	 379,367	7%
Expenses:					
Program expenses - Public health and					
integrated vector management	:	5,656,957	4,667,088	989,869	21%
Total expenses		5,656,957	4,667,088	989,869	21%
Change in net position		28,404	638,906	(610,502)	-96%
Net position, beginning of year		4,799,688	 4,160,782	 638,906	15%
Net position, end of year	\$ 4	4,828,092	\$ 4,799,688	\$ 28,404	1%

The District's primary source of revenue is benefit assessments, which is shown in the financial statements under "charges for services (benefit assessments)". This revenue increased by \$286,700 or 6% due to an increase in the number of assessed properties and the Consumer Price Index (CPI) increase in benefit assessment rates.

Intergovernmental revenue decreased by \$52,954 or 100% because the District did not receive this revenue in the fiscal year ended 2023. Investment earnings (loss) and other revenue increased by \$128,366 or 321% due to more favorable market conditions in fiscal year ended 2023. Total expenses increased by \$989,869 or 21% primarily due to the changes in net pension liability, net OPEB liability and the related deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources. In the prior year, these changes resulted in the decrease in total expenses compared to fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, which resulted in the increase in total expenses.

Fund Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

PLACER MOSQUITO AND VECTOR CONTROL DISTRICT Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

The District's governmental fund is discussed below:

General Fund

The focus of the District's General Fund is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, *fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending for program purposes at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's General Fund reported an ending fund balance of \$3,550,708, an increase of \$212,502 from fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Revenues by source and expenditures by function for the General Fund are presented below:

	2023	2022	Dollar Change	Percentage Change
Benefit assessments	\$ 5,205,095	\$ 4,918,395	\$ 286,700	6%
Property taxes	391,875	374,620	17,255	5%
Intergovernmental	-	52,954	(52,954)	-100%
Investment earnings (loss)	67,305	(109,889)	177,194	-161%
Rental income	5,237	-	5,237	N/A
Miscellaneous	15,849	69,914	(54,065)	-77%
Total revenues	\$ 5,685,361	\$ 5,305,994	\$ 379,367	7%

Expenditures by Function General Fund For the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

	2023	2022	Dollar hange	Percentage Change
Public health and integrated				
vector management	\$ 4,956,380	\$ 4,904,631	\$ 51,749	1%
Debt service	381,002	366,720	14,282	4%
Capital outlay	135,477	103,902	31,575	30%
Total expenditures	\$ 5,472,859	\$ 5,375,253	\$ 97,606	2%

Capital outlay increased by \$31,575 or 30% due to the need to replace the District's polymerase chain reaction (PCR) machine.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The District's actual expenditures were less than final budget (appropriations) by \$370,468 or 6%. The major areas where actual expenditures and appropriations vary are as follows:

• Salaries and benefits \$185,344

Appropriations exceeding expenditures for salaries and benefits were mainly due to positions budgeted for the entire year, but not filled until mid-year.

• Professional services \$29,612

Appropriations exceeding expenditures for professional services expenditure were primarily due to lease asset payments were budgeted under professional services, but were recorded as principal expenditure as required by GASB Statement No. 87 and GASB Statement No. 96.

• Public health pesticides \$21,769

Appropriations exceeding expenditures for pesticide related expenditures were primarily due to lower than anticipated expenditures incurred due to annual variation of mosquito and West Nile virus risk, which drives pesticide usage.

• Administration and public information \$50,992

Appropriations exceeding expenditures for administration and public information were due to projects that were budgeted for, but not needed.

• Utilities \$32,329

Appropriations exceeding expenditures for utilities were primarily due to lower than expected utility costs.

• Rents and leases \$126,636

Appropriations exceeding expenditures for rents and leases were due to the fact that the District budgeted rents and leases under short-term rents and leases, and actual expenditures were recorded as lease principal and capital outlay expenditures under GASB 87.

• Debt service principal \$39,652

Expenditures exceeding appropriations for debt service principal were primarily due to the recording of lease asset payments as principal expenditure as required by GASB Statement No. 87 and GASB Statement No. 96.

• Capital outlay \$58,724

Expenditures exceeding appropriations for capital outlay were primarily due to the recording of two new leased vehicles as required by GASB Statement No. 87.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The District's net investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2023 was \$1,807,453. This net investment in capital assets represents land, depreciable equipment, building and improvements, intangible assets, lease, and SBITA assets for the District net of the accumulated depreciation/amortization and related liability. The change in capital assets during the current year is primarily due to equipment and lease asset additions offset by depreciation/amortization expense. Refer to Note 3 to the basic financial statements for capital asset details.

Long-term Liabilities

At June 30, 2023, the District had total long-term liabilities, including compensated absences, leases and SBITAs, outstanding of \$2,135,869. During the fiscal year ended, total long-term liabilities decreased by \$554,835 mainly due to debt service payments. Refer to Note 4 to the basic financial statements for long-term liability details.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The budget for the fiscal year ending (FYE) June 30, 2024, is \$5,843,327. The District conducted a three-year budget projection that suggests that to support existing levels of service, and meet future reserve goals, the District considered and approved the CPI adjustment for the District Benefit Assessments revenue. The District's Benefit Assessments is subject to an annual adjustment tied to the CPI. This increase was necessary for the District to operate effectively in a fiscally sustainable manner. The District will reevaluate the need for future changes in assessment rates on an annual basis with the goal of maintaining fiscal sustainability while meeting the District's mandate to protect public health from vectors and vector-borne disease.

The following factors were considered in preparing the District's budget for the FYE 2024:

- Need to address and manage increasing pension liability annual costs.
- Consideration of post COVID-19 pandemic changes in the workplace, supply chain, and use of technology to communicate and conduct business.
- Continued need to implement early detection and response plan for invasive mosquito species and mosquito-borne diseases. This includes evaluation of potentially costly long-term strategies to manage established populations of invasive *Aedes aegypti* mosquitos.
- Continued need to remain aware of and, to the extent feasible, prepared for novel vector-borne disease threats.
- Continued need to effectively identify and manage the risk of West Nile Virus, Lyme disease and other vector-borne diseases in Placer County.
- Continued need to effectively prevent adult mosquito population through the use of source reduction measures, biological control, and appropriate use of mosquito larvicides, as well as the ability to quickly respond to high adult mosquito populations with appropriate adult mosquito control treatments.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

- Continued operation of a year-round Tahoe-area substation to provide services to eastern Placer County residents.
- Increase in cost or changes in availability and need for mosquito control materials, application equipment, and application services.
- Increasing costs to purchase organic-certified public health pesticides to apply to mosquito development and harborage sites located on and in association with organic agricultural fields.
- Continued need to evaluate the efficacy of mosquito control techniques and products, and continually assess and manage pesticide resistance in local mosquito populations.
- Continued need for public outreach and education that addresses immediate and long-term issues relevant to the District's ability to provide services, and to advise the public about vector risks and personal protective measures.
- Increasing need to collaborate with neighboring vector control agencies, business and governmental agency partners, and state association to address issues affecting vectors and vector control on a regional and state-wide basis.
- Continued need for regular maintenance of facility, vehicle fleet, field data collection and database systems, laboratory, equipment, and other critical infrastructure.
- Increasing need to develop innovative vector and vector-borne disease surveillance and management strategies, techniques, and equipment.

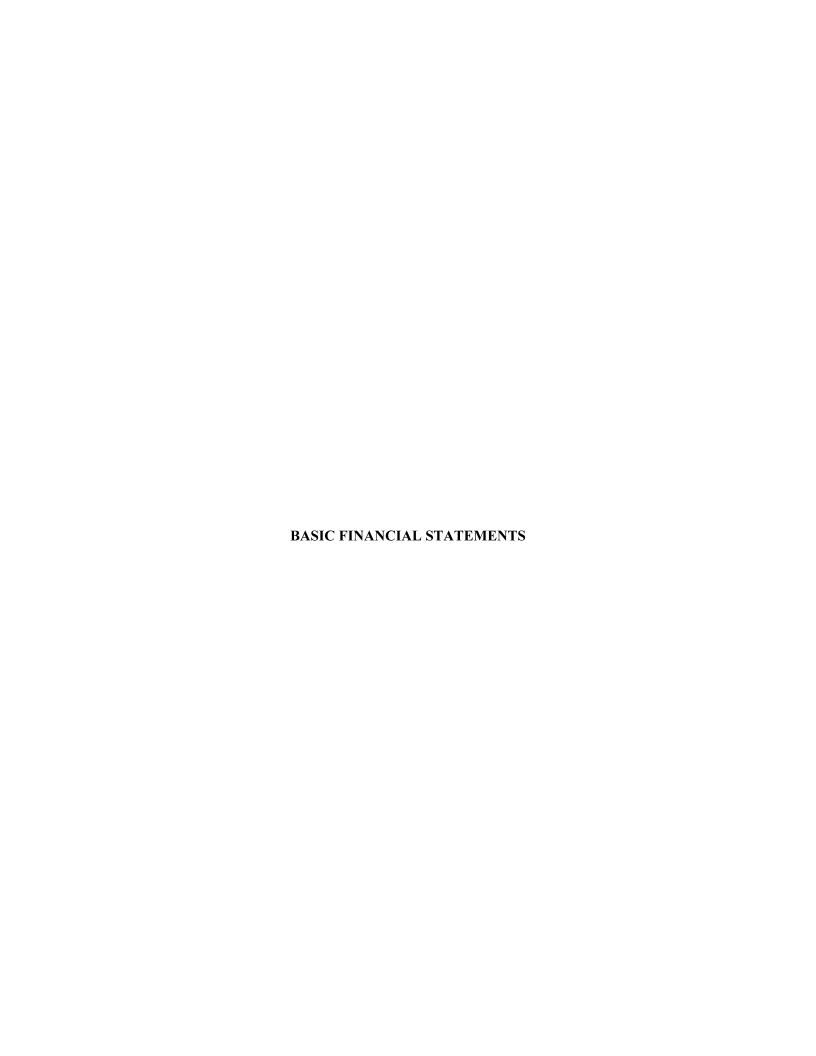
Future Events that will Financially Impact the District

- Invasive mosquitoes have been found in several locations in Placer County since 2019. It will be necessary over the next several years to increase capacity to provide new invasive mosquito management to the public by reallocating existing resources, developing increased efficiency in current workflows and seeking additional funding.
- Increasing costs associated with monitoring and managing insecticide-resistant mosquito populations, including developing, testing, and implementing novel insecticide management strategies.
- Continuing high prices for fleet vehicles and fuel with the eventual requirement to move to electric vehicles.
- Balancing post-pandemic workforce challenges with the option for automating some work processes, considering remote work on an on-going basis, and planning for higher staff turnover.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Placer Mosquito and Vector Control District, 2021 Opportunity Drive, Roseville, California 95678.



PLACER MOSQUITO AND VECTOR CONTROL DISTRICT Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Cash and investments 240,051 Restricted cash and investments 240,051 Interest receivable 8,067 Prepaid items 55,905 Capital assets:	Assets	
Interest receivable 8,067 Prepaid items 55,905 Capital assets: 3,16,27 Nondepreciable 438,627 Depreciable, net 3,116,478 Leases and SBITAs, net 180,543 Total assets 7,557,852 Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred outflows related to pensions 741,034 Deferred outflows related to OPEB 679,835 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,448,393 Liabilities Accounts payable 175,501 Accrued salaries and benefits payable 95,995 Accrued interest payable 18,015 Lease and SBITA due within one year 40,057 Financed purchase obligation due within one year 40,057 Financed purchase obligation of year 16,162 Financed purchase obligation 1,566,000 Net pension liability 887,737 Net OPEB liability 592,322 Total liabilities 2,322 Deferred inflows of Resources 28,576 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 243,242 </td <td>Cash and investments</td> <td>\$ 3,518,181</td>	Cash and investments	\$ 3,518,181
Prepaid items 55,905 Capital assets: 438,627 Depreciable, net 3,116,478 Leases and SBITAs, net 180,543 Total assets 7,557,852 Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred amount on refunding 27,524 Deferred outflows related to pensions 741,034 Deferred outflows related to OPEB 679,835 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,448,393 Liabilities Accounts payable 175,501 Accrued salaries and benefits payable 95,995 Accrued interest payable 18,015 Compensated absences due within one year 18,015 Lease and SBITA due within one year 40,057 Financed purchase obligation due within one year 162,135 Lease and SBITA liability 616,620 Financed purchase obligation 1,56,000 Net pension liability 887,737 Net OPEB liability 592,322 Total liabilities 3,906,335 Deferred inflows of Resources Deferred inflows related to pensions	Restricted cash and investments	240,051
Capital assets: 438,627 Depreciable, net 3,116,478 Leases and SBITAs, net 180,543 Total assets 7,557,852 Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred amount on refunding 27,524 Deferred outflows related to PEB 679,835 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,448,393 Liabilities Accounts payable 175,501 Accrued salaries and benefits payable 95,995 Accrued interest payable 18,911 Compensated absences due within one year 18,015 Lease and SBITA due within one year 288,000 Noncurrent liabilities: 162,135 Compensated absences 162,135 Lease and SBITA liability 61,662 Financed purchase obligation 1,566,000 Not pension liability 887,373 Net OPEB liability 592,322 Total liabilities 3,906,335 Deferred inflows related to pensions 28,576 Deferred inflows related to oPEB 243,242 Total deferred inflows of resourc	Interest receivable	8,067
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Deferred Outflows of Resources 7,557,852 Deferred amount on refunding 27,524 Deferred outflows related to pensions 741,034 Deferred outflows related to OPEB 679,835 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,448,393 Liabilities Accounts payable 175,501 Accrued salaries and benefits payable 95,995 Accrued interest payable 18,911 Compensated absences due within one year 18,015 Lease and SBITA due within one year 40,057 Financed purchase obligation due within one year 288,000 Noncurrent liabilities 162,135 Lease and SBITA liability 61,662 Financed purchase obligation 1,566,000 Net pension liability 592,322 Total liabilities 3,906,333 Deferred Inflows of Resources 243,242 Deferred inflows related to pensions 28,576 Deferred inflows related to oPEB 243,242 Total deferred inflows of resources 271,818 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 1,	Depreciable, net	3,116,478
Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred amount on refunding 27,524 Deferred outflows related to pensions 741,034 Deferred outflows related to OPEB 679,835 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,448,393 Liabilities Accounts payable 175,501 Accrued salaries and benefits payable 95,995 Accrued interest payable 18,911 Compensated absences due within one year 40,057 Financed purchase obligation due within one year 40,057 Financed purchase obligation due within one year 162,135 Lease and SBITA liability 61,662 Financed purchase obligation 1,566,000 Not pension liability 887,737 Net OPEB liability 392,322 Total liabilities 3,906,335 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows related to pensions 28,576 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 243,242 Total deferred inflows of resources 271,818 Net OPEsition Net investment in capital assets 1,807,453 <	Leases and SBITAs, net	180,543
Deferred amount on refunding 27,524 Deferred outflows related to pensions 741,034 Deferred outflows related to OPEB 679,835 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,448,393 Liabilities Accounts payable 175,501 Accrued salaries and benefits payable 95,995 Accrued interest payable 18,911 Compensated absences due within one year 40,057 Financed purchase obligation due within one year 288,000 Noncurrent liabilities: 288,000 Compensated absences 162,135 Lease and SBITA liability 61,662 Financed purchase obligation due within one year 18,000 Noncurrent liabilities: 156,000 Net pension liability 61,662 Financed purchase obligation 1,566,000 Net pension liability 887,737 Net OPEB liability 592,322 Total liabilities 3,906,335 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows related to pensions 28,576 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 243,242 <	Total assets	7,557,852
Deferred outflows related to OPEB 741,034 Deferred outflows related to OPEB 679,835 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,448,393 Liabilities Accounts payable 175,501 Accrued salaries and benefits payable 95,995 Accrued interest payable 18,911 Compensated absences due within one year 40,057 Financed purchase obligation due within one year 288,000 Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences Compensated absences 162,135 Lease and SBITA liability 61,662 Financed purchase obligation 1,566,000 Net pension liability 887,737 Net OPEB liability 592,322 Total liabilities 3,906,335 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows related to pensions 28,576 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 243,242 Total deferred inflows of resources 271,818 Net investment in capital assets Net investment in capital assets 1,807,453 Restricted 240,051 <	Deferred Outflows of Resources	
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Liabilities 1,448,393 Accounts payable 175,501 Accrued salaries and benefits payable 95,995 Accrued interest payable 18,911 Compensated absences due within one year 18,015 Lease and SBITA due within one year 40,057 Financed purchase obligation due within one year 288,000 Noncurrent liabilities: 162,135 Lease and SBITA liability 61,662 Financed purchase obligation 1,566,000 Net pension liability 887,737 Net OPEB liability 592,322 Total liabilities 3,906,335 Deferred Inflows of Resources 28,576 Deferred inflows related to pensions 28,576 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 243,242 Total deferred inflows of resources 271,818 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 1,807,453 Restricted 240,051 Unrestricted 2,780,588	Deferred outflows related to pensions	741,034
Liabilities Accounts payable 175,501 Accrued salaries and benefits payable 95,995 Accrued interest payable 18,911 Compensated absences due within one year 18,015 Lease and SBITA due within one year 288,000 Noncurrent liabilities: 288,000 Noncurrent liabilities: 162,135 Lease and SBITA liability 61,662 Financed purchase obligation 1,566,000 Net pension liability 887,737 Net OPEB liability 592,322 Total liabilities 3,906,335 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows related to pensions 28,576 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 243,242 Total deferred inflows of resources 271,818 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 1,807,453 Restricted 240,051 Unrestricted 2,780,588	Deferred outflows related to OPEB	679,835
Accounts payable 175,501 Accrued salaries and benefits payable 95,995 Accrued interest payable 18,911 Compensated absences due within one year 18,015 Lease and SBITA due within one year 288,000 Noncurrent liabilities: 288,000 Compensated absences 162,135 Lease and SBITA liability 61,662 Financed purchase obligation 1,566,000 Net pension liability 887,737 Net OPEB liability 592,322 Total liabilities 3,906,335 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows related to pensions 28,576 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 243,242 Total deferred inflows of resources 271,818 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 1,807,453 Restricted 240,051 Unrestricted 2,780,588	Total deferred outflows of resources	1,448,393
Accounts payable 175,501 Accrued salaries and benefits payable 95,995 Accrued interest payable 18,911 Compensated absences due within one year 18,015 Lease and SBITA due within one year 288,000 Noncurrent liabilities: 288,000 Compensated absences 162,135 Lease and SBITA liability 61,662 Financed purchase obligation 1,566,000 Net pension liability 887,737 Net OPEB liability 592,322 Total liabilities 3,906,335 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows related to pensions 28,576 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 243,242 Total deferred inflows of resources 271,818 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 1,807,453 Restricted 240,051 Unrestricted 2,780,588	Liabilities	
Accrued salaries and benefits payable 95,995 Accrued interest payable 18,911 Compensated absences due within one year 18,015 Lease and SBITA due within one year 40,057 Financed purchase obligation due within one year 288,000 Noncurrent liabilities:		175.501
Accrued interest payable 18,911 Compensated absences due within one year 18,015 Lease and SBITA due within one year 40,057 Financed purchase obligation due within one year 288,000 Noncurrent liabilities: 162,135 Lease and SBITA liability 61,662 Financed purchase obligation 1,566,000 Net pension liability 887,737 Net OPEB liability 592,322 Total liabilities 3,906,335 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows related to pensions 28,576 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 243,242 Total deferred inflows of resources 271,818 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 1,807,453 Restricted 240,051 Unrestricted 2,780,588	* *	
Compensated absences due within one year 18,015 Lease and SBITA due within one year 40,057 Financed purchase obligation due within one year 288,000 Noncurrent liabilities: 162,135 Compensated absences 162,135 Lease and SBITA liability 61,662 Financed purchase obligation 1,566,000 Net pension liability 887,737 Net OPEB liability 592,322 Total liabilities 3,906,335 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows related to pensions 28,576 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 243,242 Total deferred inflows of resources 271,818 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 1,807,453 Restricted 240,051 Unrestricted 2,780,588		
Lease and SBITA due within one year 40,057 Financed purchase obligation due within one year 288,000 Noncurrent liabilities: 162,135 Compensated absences 162,135 Lease and SBITA liability 61,662 Financed purchase obligation 1,566,000 Net pension liability 887,737 Net OPEB liability 592,322 Total liabilities 3,906,335 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows related to pensions 28,576 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 243,242 Total deferred inflows of resources 271,818 Net Position 1,807,453 Restricted 240,051 Unrestricted 2,780,588	* *	
Financed purchase obligation due within one year 288,000 Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences 162,135 Lease and SBITA liability 61,662 Financed purchase obligation 1,566,000 Net pension liability 887,737 Net OPEB liability 592,322 Total liabilities 3,906,335 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows related to PEB 243,242 Total deferred inflows of resources 271,818 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 1,807,453 Restricted 240,051 Unrestricted 2,780,588	*	
Noncurrent liabilities: 162,135 Compensated absences 162,135 Lease and SBITA liability 61,662 Financed purchase obligation 1,566,000 Net pension liability 887,737 Net OPEB liability 592,322 Total liabilities 3,906,335 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows related to pensions 28,576 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 243,242 Total deferred inflows of resources 271,818 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 1,807,453 Restricted 240,051 Unrestricted 2,780,588		
Lease and SBITA liability 61,662 Financed purchase obligation 1,566,000 Net pension liability 887,737 Net OPEB liability 592,322 Total liabilities 3,906,335 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows related to pensions 28,576 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 243,242 Total deferred inflows of resources 271,818 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 1,807,453 Restricted 240,051 Unrestricted 2,780,588		
Lease and SBITA liability 61,662 Financed purchase obligation 1,566,000 Net pension liability 887,737 Net OPEB liability 592,322 Total liabilities 3,906,335 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows related to pensions 28,576 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 243,242 Total deferred inflows of resources 271,818 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 1,807,453 Restricted 240,051 Unrestricted 2,780,588	Compensated absences	162,135
Net pension liability 887,737 Net OPEB liability 592,322 Total liabilities 3,906,335 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows related to pensions 28,576 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 243,242 Total deferred inflows of resources 271,818 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 1,807,453 Restricted 240,051 Unrestricted 2,780,588		
Net pension liability 887,737 Net OPEB liability 592,322 Total liabilities 3,906,335 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows related to pensions 28,576 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 243,242 Total deferred inflows of resources 271,818 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 1,807,453 Restricted 240,051 Unrestricted 2,780,588	Financed purchase obligation	1,566,000
Net OPEB liability 592,322 Total liabilities 3,906,335 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows related to pensions 28,576 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 243,242 Total deferred inflows of resources 271,818 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 1,807,453 Restricted 240,051 Unrestricted 2,780,588		
Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows related to pensions 28,576 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 243,242 Total deferred inflows of resources 271,818 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 1,807,453 Restricted 240,051 Unrestricted 2,780,588		592,322
Deferred inflows related to pensions 28,576 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 243,242 Total deferred inflows of resources 271,818 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 1,807,453 Restricted 240,051 Unrestricted 2,780,588	Total liabilities	3,906,335
Deferred inflows related to pensions 28,576 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 243,242 Total deferred inflows of resources 271,818 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 1,807,453 Restricted 240,051 Unrestricted 2,780,588	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows related to OPEB 243,242 Total deferred inflows of resources 271,818 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 1,807,453 Restricted 240,051 Unrestricted 2,780,588		28,576
Net Position 271,818 Net investment in capital assets 1,807,453 Restricted 240,051 Unrestricted 2,780,588	•	
Net investment in capital assets 1,807,453 Restricted 240,051 Unrestricted 2,780,588		
Net investment in capital assets1,807,453Restricted240,051Unrestricted2,780,588	Net Position	
Restricted 240,051 Unrestricted 2,780,588		1,807,453
Unrestricted 2,780,588	<u>.</u>	
	Total net position	\$ 4,828,092

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Governmental Activities		Expenses		ram Revenues ges for Services	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
Public health and integrated vector management	\$	5,592,125	\$	5,205,095	\$	(387,030)	
Interest on long-term debt Total governmental activities		5,656,957		5,205,095		(64,832) (451,862)	
	Prop Unr Ren Mis	al revenues (experiently taxes estricted investmental income cellaneous general revenues	ent revent	ue		391,875 67,305 5,237 15,849 480,266	
	Chang	ge in net position				28,404	
	-	osition, beginning				4,799,688	
	Net po	osition, end of ye	ar		\$	4,828,092	

PLACER MOSQUITO AND VECTOR CONTROL DISTRICT Balance Sheet June 30, 2023

Assets	
Cash and investments	\$ 3,518,181
Restricted cash and investments	240,051
Interest receivable	8,067
Prepaid items	55,905
Total assets	\$ 3,822,204
Liabilities and Fund Balance	
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 175,501
Accrued salaries and benefits payable	95,995
Total liabilities	 271,496
Fund Balance:	
Nonspendable	55,905
Restricted	240,051
Assigned	2,002,609
Unassigned	1,252,143
Total fund balance	3,550,708
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 3,822,204

PLACER MOSQUITO AND VECTOR CONTROL DISTRICT Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Fund balance	\$	3,550,708
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different became	use:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources		
and therefore, are not reported in the general fund:		
Nondepreciable		438,627
Depreciable, net		3,116,478
Leases and SBITAs, net		180,543
Deferred amount on refunding of long-term debt		27,524
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		741,034
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB		679,835
Long-term liabilities applicable to the District's governmental activities are		
not due and payable in the current period and accordingly, are not reported		
as liabilities in the general fund:		
Accrued interest payable		(18,911)
Compensated absences		(180,150)
Lease and SBITA liability		(101,719)
Direct financed purchase obligation outstanding		(1,854,000)
Net pension liability		(887,737)
Net OPEB liability		(592,322)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		(28,576)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		(243,242)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	4,828,092

PLACER MOSQUITO AND VECTOR CONTROL DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Revenues	
Charges for services (benefit assessments)	\$ 5,205,095
Property taxes	391,875
Investment revenue	67,305
Rental income	5,237
Miscellaneous	15,849
Total revenues	5,685,361
Expenditures	
Current:	
Public health and integrated vector management:	
Salaries and benefits	2,913,325
Professional services	651,472
Public health pesticides	663,242
Administration and public information	186,396
Insurance	181,602
Fuel and lubricants	47,901
Utilities	117,409
Maintenance	128,657
Membership dues and subscriptions	29,154
Travel and transportation	24,025
Legal services	13,197
Debt service:	
Principal	318,652
Interest	62,350
Capital outlay	135,477
Total expenditures	5,472,859
Excess of revenues over expenditures	212,502
Net change in fund balance	212,502
Fund balance – July 1, 2022	3,338,206
Fund balance – June 30, 2023	\$ 3,550,708

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net change in fund balance	\$ 212,502
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
The general fund reported capital outlay as expenditures. However,	
in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over	
their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation/amortization expense.	
Capital outlay	135,477
Building and equipment depreciation	(173,779)
Right-to-use asset amortization	(47,549)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental	
funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current	
financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any	
effect on net position.	
Principal payments on long-term debt	279,000
Principal payments on lease liabilities	39,651
Amortization of deferred outflows on refunding, pensions, and OPEB	694,095
Amortization of deferred inflows on pensions and OPEB	239,727
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the	
use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as	
expenditures in the general fund.	
Change in accrued interest payable	2,846
Change in compensated absences	(23,879)
Changes in net pension liability	(771,173)
Changes in OPEB liability	 (558,514)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 28,404

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization

In May 2000, Placer County voters approved an assessment to provide funds to set up the Placer Mosquito and Vector Control District (District). The District's objective is to control mosquitoes in the western portion of Placer County. Program activities include eliminating mosquitoes in their larval stage chemically, as well as with mosquitofish, monitoring diseases associated with local mosquitoes, fogging to reduce adult populations, and public education.

The District has a governing board composed of one member appointed by each of the following: Cities of Auburn, Colfax, Lincoln, Rocklin, and Roseville, Town of Loomis, and the Placer County Board of Supervisors.

Accounting Policies

The District accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the County of Placer (County). The accounting policies of the District conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all the District's activities. The District is only engaged in governmental activities and is supported by benefit assessments.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include direct charges to customers based on voter-approved debt by property assessment.

Separate financial statements are provided for the District's governmental fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District and is used to account for all the District's financial resources.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of cash flows.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or financial flow measurement focus. The reported fund balance is considered a measure of available spendable resources.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The governmental fund is accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current accounting period. Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred (when goods are received, or services rendered). Revenues are considered to be available if they are collected within 180 days of the end of the current fiscal year.

Cash and Investments

The District maintains cash in the Placer County Treasury where it is pooled with other County funds. The County Treasurer's investment pool is subject to oversight by the Treasury Review Panel. The District also maintains funds with Vector Control Joint Powers Agency (VCJPA).

The County's pooled investments are stated at fair value. The value of the District's pool shares that may be withdrawn is determined on an amortized cost basis, which approximates fair value of the District's position in the pool.

Prepaid Items

Payments made for services that will benefit future accounting periods are recorded as prepaid items. Prepaid items, as reported in the governmental funds balance sheet, are offset by a nonspendable fund balance account to indicate such amounts are not in spendable form. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Leases

The District engages in lease agreements to meet operational needs or to serve the general public. The District's lease contracts relate to office space, equipment and information technology software. For short-term leases with a maximum possible term of 12 months or less at commencement, the District recognizes periodic revenue or expense based on the provisions of the lease contract. For all other contracts where the District is the lessee, the District recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use asset based on the present value of future lease payments over the contracted term of the lease. The right-to-use assets are reported with capital assets, and lease liabilities are reported as long-term debt in the statement of net position. The right-to-use assets are amortized over the term of the lease, as the District is not expected to lease assets beyond the underlying asset's useful life.

The District uses the County of Placer's estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases unless the rate the lessor charges is known. The County's incremental borrowing rate is an approximation of the rate the County would have to pay on a bond issuance or a lease-leaseback arrangement such as a Certificate of Participation. If amendments or other certain circumstances occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease, the present value is remeasured and corresponding adjustments made. For lease contracts that include increases to payments related to the consumer price index (CPI) or similar indices, the available index increase is included in the present value at the commencement of the lease or upon remeasurement. Payments based on future performance are not included in the measurement of the lease liability or lease receivable but recognized as revenue or expense in the period performed. Residual value guarantees and exercise options are included in the measurement if they are reasonably certain to be paid or exercised.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property (e.g., land), plant (e.g., buildings and improvements), equipment (e.g., vehicles, computers, and office equipment), and intangible assets (e.g., software), are reported in the applicable government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are recorded at cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at the estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. Capitalization thresholds are \$5,000 for equipment and \$100,000 for buildings and improvements and intangible assets. Land acquisitions are capitalized regardless of value.

Depreciation on capital assets is provided using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows: buildings and improvements -10 to 50 years; equipment -2 to 25 years; and intangible assets -5 to 15 years.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources, which represent a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an expense/expenditure until then. Deferred amounts on refunding qualify for reporting in this category, which represents the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. In addition, the District records deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources, which represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as revenue until that time. The District records deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pensions expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan participating in the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) Miscellaneous Plan (Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's OPEB Plan and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, the OPEB Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

Compensated Absences

District employees accrue vacation at varying amounts based on length of service and sick leave at a rate of 96 hours a year. An employee's vacation accrual may not exceed 240 hours. Sick leave hours not used during the period are carried forward to the following years with no limit as to the number of hours that can be accumulated. Employees are not compensated for accrued but unused sick leave, upon termination of employment, unused sick leave can be used as service time for purposes of retirement benefits, so long as this is consistent with the applicable contract and statutes of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

Long-term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable statement of net position. In the governmental fund financial statements, long-term debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources. Principal and interest are reported as expenditures in the period in which the related payments are made.

Net Position

The government-wide financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. The District's net position is categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net Investment in Capital Assets – This category groups all capital assets into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation of these assets reduces the balance in this category. Debt incurred and outstanding to construct and/or acquire capital assets, net of unspent proceeds, also reduces the balance in this category.

Restricted – This category consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities related to those assets and represents restricted cash and investments the District maintains with Vector Control Joint Powers Agency.

Unrestricted – This category represents net position of the District, not restricted for any project or other purpose.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, the governmental fund reports fund balance as nonspendable, restricted, assigned or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on how specific amounts can be spent.

Nonspendable fund balance – amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not spendable in form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance – amounts with constraints placed on their use that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Assigned fund balance – amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes. The intent can be established at the highest level of decision making (Board of Trustees).

Unassigned fund balance – amounts that constitute the residual balances that have no restrictions placed on them.

The Board of Trustees establishes, modifies, and rescinds fund balance commitments and assignments by passage of an ordinance or resolution. Assignments also require adoption of the budget and subsequent budget amendments that occur throughout the fiscal year.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, followed by the assigned, and unassigned resources as they are needed. Assigned and unassigned fund balances are considered unrestricted.

Revenues

The County administers the District's revenue. The County bills and collects revenues through benefit assessments added to property tax billings. In addition, the District receives a percentage of the 1% property tax ad valorem rate. All receipts are deposited directly into the County's pooled cash fund for the District, after charging the District a 1% administrative fee. The District considers interest earned and property tax allocations to be general revenues.

Current Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Pronouncement

The District adopted GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements* (SBITAs), effective fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements for government end users. Under this Statement, the District is required to recognize an intangible right-to-use subscription asset and a corresponding subscription liability. The adoption of this statement resulted in the recognition of SBITA-related assets and liabilities. Notes 3 and 4 provide details on the balances reported.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments at June 30, 2023, consist of the following:

\$ 3,517,781
240,051
400
\$ 3,758,232

Cash and investments shown on the statement of net position and the balance sheet represent the District's share of the County Treasurer's cash and investment pool and its deposits with outside financial institutions and fiscal agents.

The District involuntarily participates in the County Treasurer's cash and investment pool. California Government Code Section 53600, et. seq., and the County investment policy authorizes the following investments: U.S. Treasury securities, U.S. agency securities, local agency obligations, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, negotiable certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, corporate notes, collateralized certificates of deposit, California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), Certificate of Deposit Account Registry Services certificates of deposit, Supranationals, and California Asset Management Program. Other allowable investments pursuant to Government Code Section 53601, although restricted by the County's investment policy, include mutual funds, mortgage and collateral-backed securities, asset-backed securities, reverse repurchase agreements, and joint powers agency investment pools.

Restricted cash and investments held by fiscal agents represents uncommitted funds held with the Vector Control Joint Powers Agency (VCJPA) Contingency Fund, and are stated at fair value. These funds are used to pay for costs not covered under the VCJPA's insurance pool programs.

The County has a Treasury Review Panel, which performs regulatory oversight for its pool as required by Treasurer Policy. Investments are stated at fair value in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. However, the value of the District's shares in the County investment pool, which may be withdrawn, is determined on an amortized cost basis, which approximates fair value of the District's position in the pool. The County's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), containing information relating to the County's cash and investments by risk category, can be obtained from the County Auditor-Controller's Office or on the County's website.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit, and Investment Risk Disclosures – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 3*, requires additional disclosures about a government's deposit and investment risks that include interest rate risk, credit risk, custodial credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. The District does not have an investment policy that addresses these specific types of risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity its fair value is to changes in market interest rates. The weighted average to maturity of the County's external investment pool as of June 30, 2023, was 450 days and the Vector Control Joint Powers Agency (VCJPA) external investment pool as of June 30, 2023, was 2,422 days.

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The District's investment in the County and VCJPA external investment pools are not rated.

Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository institution, the District will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty (i.e., broker-dealer) to a transaction, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the District's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state and local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

Fair Value Measurement

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets, Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs, and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The District's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The District's proportionate share of cash and investments in the County and VCJPA pools at June 30, 2023, are \$3,517,781 and \$240,051, respectively. Deposits and withdrawals from the County and VCJPA external investment pools are made on the basis of \$1 and not fair value. Accordingly, these types of investments are based on uncategorized inputs not defined as a Level 1, Level 2, or Level 3 input.

NOTE 3 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Changes in the capital assets during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, were as follows:

	Balance					Retirements		Balance	
	<u>Jı</u>	ıly 1, 2022	Additions		/ Transfers		June 30, 2023		
Capital assets, not being depreciated:									
Land	\$	438,627	\$		\$		\$	438,627	
Total capital assets not being depreciated		438,627		<u> </u>				438,627	
Capital asset, being depreciated/amortized:									
Building and improvements		5,708,316		-		-		5,708,316	
Equipment and vehicles		1,012,945		47,898		(48,225)		1,012,618	
Intangible assets		177,090						177,090	
Total capital assets being									
depreciated and amortized		6,898,351		47,898		(48,225)		6,898,024	
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization:									
Building and improvements		(2,948,389)		(74,593)		-		(3,022,982)	
Equipment and vehicles		(673,661)		(81,477)		48,225		(706,913)	
Intangible assets		(33,942)		(17,709)				(51,651)	
Total accumulated depreciation									
and amortization		(3,655,992)		(173,779)		48,225		(3,781,546)	
Total capital assets, being									
depreciated and amortized, net		3,242,359		(125,881)				3,116,478	
Capital assets, net	\$	3,680,986	\$	(125,881)	\$		\$	3,555,105	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 3 – CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

The following table presents the lease assets and related amortization as of June 30, 2023:

	I	Balance						Balance
	Jul	y 1, 2022	Increases		Decreases		June 30, 2023	
Lease assets:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	99,491	\$	-	\$	-	\$	99,491
Equipment		4,035		87,579		(4,035)		87,579
SBITAs		67,554 *		=		- -		67,554
Total lease costs		171,080		87,579		(4,035)		254,624
Less accumulated amortization:								
Buildings and improvements		(26,532)		(26,531)		-		(53,063)
Equipment		(2,421)		(8,758)		2,421		(8,758)
SBITAs		-		(12,260)		-		(12,260)
Total accumulated amortization		(28,953)		(47,549)		2,421		(74,081)
Total lease assets, net	\$	142,127	\$	40,030	\$	(1,614)	\$	180,543

NOTE 4 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Changes in the District's long-term liabilities during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, were as follows:

	Ju	Balance aly 1, 2022		A	dditions	R	etirements	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2023	Dι	Amounts ue Within One Year
Direct borrowings:											
Refinancing financed											
purchase obligation	\$	2,133,000		\$	-	\$	(279,000)	\$	1,854,000	\$	288,000
Compensated absences		156,271			258,448		(234,569)		180,150		18,015
Leases		75,431			-		(28,361)		47,070		26,856
SBITAs		67,554	*				(12,905)		54,649		13,201
Total	\$	2,432,256		\$	258,448	\$	(554,835)	\$	2,135,869	\$	346,072

^(*) Balance was restated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 96, SBITAs.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 4 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED):

Direct Borrowing – Refinancing Financed Purchase Obligation

On September 1, 2018, the District entered into a \$2,925,000 site and facilities direct borrowing agreement between the District and Public Property Financing Corporation of California (Corporation) to finance purchase certain property. The District received proceeds totaling \$2,925,000, and is required to make semiannual payments. Those proceeds, along with \$205,061 from the District, were used to refund \$3,040,000 of outstanding principal and \$11,286 accrued interest on the Certificates, as well as \$78,775 of issuance costs. The original deferred amount on refunding was \$53,276 and is amortized over 10 years beginning September 1, 2018, and ending August 31, 2028. The deferred amount on refunding balance as of June 30, 2023, was \$27,524.

The following is a schedule of total debt service requirements to maturity as of June 30, 2023:

Year Ending	 Financed Purchase Obligation - Direct Borrowing						
June 30,	Principal Interest				Total		
2024	\$ 288,000	\$	52,326	\$	340,326		
2025	293,000		43,437		336,437		
2026	305,000		34,287		339,287		
2027	313,000		24,832		337,832		
2028	324,000		15,086		339,086		
2029	331,000		2,064		333,064		
Total	\$ 1,854,000	\$	172,032	\$	2,026,032		

The District entered into lease agreements as lessee with third parties for the rental of a satellite office of a local mosquito and vector control district, including office use, storage of district vehicles and equipment, and the storage of mosquito/vector control pesticides. The lease terms include the noncancelable lease period. The lease contract includes increases to scheduled payments which are stated in the lease agreement. The District also entered into SBITA agreements for software subscription with annual required payments. The SBITA agreements have initial terms of one year; however, management is reasonably certain that the District will use the software for a 5-year term. As the interest rate implicit to the District's SBITAs is not readily determined, the District utilizes Placer County's incremental borrowing rate to discount the SBITA payments. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized \$39,651 in lease and SBITA principal expense and \$1,633 in lease interest expense.

The following table presents the lease and SBITA liability principal and interest requirements to maturity:

Year Ending	Leases				SBI	TAs		
June 30,	P	rincipal	Interest		Principal		Interest	
2024	\$	26,856	\$	133	\$	13,201	\$	1,093
2025		20,214		28		13,504		791
2026		-		-		13,814		481
2027		_		-		14,130		165
Total	\$	47,070	\$	161	\$	54,649	\$	2,530

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 5 – PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

All qualified permanent and probationary District employees are eligible to participate in the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Plan) administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The Plan consists of individual rate plans (benefit tiers) within the Miscellaneous risk pool. Rate plans within the Miscellaneous risk pool are not separate plans under GASB Statement No. 68. Individual employers may sponsor more than one rate plan. The District sponsors one rate plan within the Miscellaneous risk pool. Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and District resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment and the retirement formula of 2.0% at 55 for Miscellaneous Classic members, 2.0% at 60 for Miscellaneous Second Tier members, and 2.0% at 62 for PEPRA Miscellaneous Tier members and all future members. The cost-of-living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL).

The benefits in effect as of June 30, 2023, are summarized as follows:

		Miscellaneous	PEPRA
	Miscellaneous	Second Tier	Miscellaneous
_	Classic Plan	Plan	Tier Plan
	Hired on	Hired on	Hired on
	or before	or after	or after
Hire date	June 30, 2011	July 1, 2011	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2.0% at 55	2.0% at 60	2.0% at 62
Minimum service years to vest	5	5	5
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life
Earliest allowable retirement age	50	50	52
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	1.43% - 2.00%	1.09% - 2.00%	1.00% - 2.00%

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of PERL requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 5 – PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

For Public Agency Cost-Sharing Plan covered by the Miscellaneous risk pool, the Plan's actuarially determined rate is based on the estimated amount necessary to pay the Plan's allocated share of the risk pool's costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, and any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, employees under the Miscellaneous Classic, Miscellaneous Second Tier and PEPRA Miscellaneous Tier rate plans were required to contribute 7%, 7% and 6.75% of their annual pay, respectively. The District's contractually required contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2023, for the Miscellaneous Classic, Miscellaneous Second Tier and PEPRA Miscellaneous Tier, were 10.32%, 8.63% and 7.47%, respectively, of annual payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District's total contributions to the pension plan was \$245,517 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Pensions Liability, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a net pension liability of \$887,737 for its proportionate share of the Miscellaneous risk pool's net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, rolled forward to June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the net pension liability of the Plan was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. As of June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.01897%, which was an increase of 0.01283% from its proportion as of fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, of 0.00614%.

As of June 30, 2023, the District reported a pension expense of \$586,185 and reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Change in assumptions	\$ 90,967	\$	_	
Difference between expected and actual				
experience	17,827		11,940	
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments	162,610		-	
Differences between District's contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions	17,571		16,636	
Change in District's proportion	206,542		-	
Pension contributions subsequent			•	
to measurement date	245,517		-	
	\$ 741,034	\$	28,576	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 5 – PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

The deferred outflows of resources of \$245,517 results from pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the next fiscal year. Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, will be recognized in future pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year		
Ending June 30,	Amour	nt
2024	\$ 168,	437
2025	131,	749
2026	67,	298
2027	99,	457
Total	\$ 466,	941

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation, rolled forward to June 30, 2022, was determined using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal Cost
Actuarial Assumptions	
Discount Rate	6.90%
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increases	Varies by Entry Age and Services
Mortality Rate Table ¹	Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for All Funds
Post-Retirement Benefit Increase	Contract COLA up to 2.30% until Purchasing Power
	Protection Allowanced Floor on Purchasing Power applies

¹ The mortality table was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The rates incorporate Generational Mortality to capture ongoing mortality improvement using 80% of Scale MP 2020 published by the Society of Actuaries. For more details, please refer to the 2021 experience study report that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Changes of Assumptions

The discount rate decreased from 7.15% in fiscal year ended 2022 to 6.90% in fiscal year ended 2023, and the inflation actuarial assumption decreased from 2.50% to 2.30% in the same periods.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Projected returns for all asset classes are estimated and combined with risk estimates, which are used to project compound (geometric) returns over the long term. The discount rate used to discount liabilities was informed by the long-term projected portfolio return.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 5 – PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

The expected real rates of return by asset class are as follows:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10 1,2
Global Equity - Cap-weighted	30.0%	4.54%
Global Equity - Non-Cap-weighted	12.0%	3.84%
Private Equity	13.0%	7.28%
Treasury	5.0%	0.27%
Mortgage-Backed Securities	5.0%	0.50%
Investment Grade Corporates	10.0%	1.56%
High Yield	5.0%	2.27%
Emerging Market Debt	5.0%	2.48%
Private Debt	5.0%	3.57%
Real Assets	15.0%	3.21%
Leverage	-5.0%	-0.59%
Total	100.0%	

¹ An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for CalPERS' Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, calculated using the current discount rate of 6.90%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.90%) or 1 percentage point higher (7.90%) than the current rate.

		Current							
	1%	% Decrease 5.90%		count Rate 6.90%	1%	% Increase 7.90%			
Net Pension Liability	\$	1,652,072	\$	887,737	\$	258,878			

² Figures are based on the 2021-22 Asset Liability Management Study.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 5 – PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

NOTE 6 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 5, the District provides post-retirement healthcare benefits to its retirees administered by CalPERS as permitted under the Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Act (PEMHCA). The District participates in the California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT), an agent multiple-employer plan administered by CalPERS. CalPERS issues a publicly available ACFR that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of CalPERS' ACFR may be obtained from their Executive Office, 400 Q Street, P.O. Box 942701, Sacramento, California 94229.

Benefits Provided

In accordance with California Government Code, all employees electing a CalPERS retirement date within 120 days of retiring from the District are eligible to receive healthcare benefits for life. Employees who retire directly from the District at the age of 55 or older and with at least 10 years of District and CalPERS service are eligible to receive the enhanced benefits, referred to as the District Supplemental Benefit Stipend. These benefits are payable for the lifetime of the retiree and his or her spouse at one of the following stipends:

- 1) If hired prior to July 1, 2008, the District will contribute 100% of the premium for the retiree and his or her spouse up to the Kaiser plan rates (by coverage level) in the Sacramento region.
- 2) If hired after July 1, 2008 but prior to July 1, 2011, the District will contribute the lesser of (a) and (b) below:
 - (a) 100% of the monthly premium for the retiree and his or her spouse.
 - (b) The Kaiser plan rates (by coverage level) in the Sacramento region multiplied by the appropriate percentage from the District Retiree Medical Benefit Schedule, based on the employee's years of service with the District.
- 3) If hired on or after July 1, 2011, but prior to July 1, 2017, the District will contribute the lesser of (a) and (b) below:
 - (a) 100% of the monthly premium for the retiree and his or her spouse.
 - (b) 80% of the Kaiser plan rates (by coverage level) in the Sacramento region multiplied by the appropriate percentage from the District Retiree Medical Benefit Schedule, based on the employee's years of service with the District.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 6 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

- 4) If hired on or after July 1, 2017, the District will contribute the lesser of (a) and (b) below:
 - (a) 100% of the monthly premium for the retiree and his or her spouse.
 - (b) 80% of the Kaiser plan rates (by coverage level) in the Sacramento region multiplied by the appropriate percentage from the District Retiree Medical Benefit Schedule, based on the employee's years of service with the District, with the benefit ending at the earlier of the member's age 65, or Medicare eligibility.

The District Retiree Medical Benefit Schedule applies a percent to the District's otherwise maximum monthly subsidy for retirees hired on or after July 1, 2008:

T	- ·	3 6 11 1	T (*)	~ 1 1 1
Lhatmat	Datiraa	Madiani	Donotit	Sahadula
District	Kenice	iviculcai	Denem	Schedule

Years of	% of Full	Years of	% of Full
District Service	Benefit Paid	District Service	Benefit Paid
Less than 10	0%	15	75%
10	50%	16	80%
11	55%	17	85%
12	60%	18	90%
13	65%	19	95%
14	70%	20 or more	100%

Employees Covered

At June 30, 2023, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active plan members	22
Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	2
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet	
receiving benefits	_
Total	24

Contributions

Under PEMHCA, the District is obligated to contribute toward the cost of retiree medical coverage for all employees who retire from the District for the retiree's lifetime or until CalPERS medical coverage is discontinued.

All employees who retire from the District who are eligible to continue coverage in retirement will receive the required PEMHCA minimum employer contribution (MEC). Benefits continue to a covered surviving spouse as well, if eligible for survivor benefits under the retirement program. The MEC was \$149 per month in 2022 and increased to \$151 per month in 2023.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 6 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

The District's Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish and amend contribution requirements of the District, in excess of the minimum for plan members. The Board establishes rates based on an actuarially determined rate based on annual actuarial valuation reports.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the District contributed \$116,828 to the OPEB plan. Of this amount, the District paid \$21,237 in benefits provided to retirees during the year and \$95,591 to the CERBT.

Net OPEB Liability

The District's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

Actuarial assumptions

The total OPEB liability measured as of June 30, 2022, was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation date June 30, 2021 Measurement date June 30, 2022

Contribution policy Pre-funded through CERBT asset allocation Strategy 2

Funding method Entry Age Normal Cost, level percent of pay

Asset valuation method Market value of assets

Actuarial assumptions:

Discount rate 5.70% Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.0% per year, used only to allocate the cost of benefits

between service years.

Mortality improvement MacLeod Watts Scale 2020 applied generationally

from 2015

Healthcare cost 5.8% and grade down to 3.9 % for years 2075

trend rate and later

Changes of Assumptions

This discount rate decreased from 6.5% to 5.7%, reflecting updated projections of long-term returns and projected benefit cash flows.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 6 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The expected long-term return on trust assets was derived from information published by CalPERS for CERBT Investment Strategy 2. CalPERS determined its returns using a building-block method and best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return for each major asset class (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expenses and inflation). The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return published by CalPERS for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Assumed Asset	Real Return	Real Return
Asset Class	Allocation	Years 1 - 5	Years 6-20
Global Equity	34.0%	4.40%	4.50%
Fixed Income	41.0%	-1.00%	2.20%
Global Real Estate (REITs)	17.0%	3.00%	3.90%
Treasury Inflation Protected Securities	5.0%	-1.80%	1.30%
Commodities	3.0%	0.80%	1.20%
Total	100.0%		

CalPERS' expected returns are split for years 1-5 and years 6-20. To derive the expected return specifically for the District, the OPEB actuary first adjusted CalPERS' future return expectations to align with the 2.5% general inflation assumption used in the District's actuarial valuation report. Then applying the plan specific benefit payments to CalPERS' bifurcated return expectations, the OPEB actuary determined the single equivalent long-term rate of return to be 5.7%. This rate is lower than the 6.5% return determined from prior CalPERS return projections.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB was 5.7%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the District contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 6 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Changes in Net OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability			duciary Net	Net OPEB		
				Position	Liability		
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$ 1,954,819			1,921,011	\$	33,808	
Changes in the year:							
Service cost		100,397		=		100,397	
Interest cost		132,895		=		132,895	
Assumption changes		269,598		-		269,598	
Contributions - employer		-		187,363		(187,363)	
Net investment income/(loss)		-		(242,501)		242,501	
Benefit payments and refunds		(21,363)		(21,363)		-	
Administrative expenses				(486)		486	
Net changes		481,527		(76,987)		558,514	
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$	2,436,346	\$	1,844,024	\$	592,322	

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The 1st table presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate.

The 2nd table presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate.

			Dis	count Rate		
	1%	6 Decrease (4.7%)			1% Increase (6.7%)	
Net OPEB Liability	\$	1,000,053	\$	592,322	\$ 262,008	

	 Н	ealthc	are Trend Ra	ate		
	 Decrease (4.8%)	Current Trend (5.8%)		1%	1% Increase (6.8%)	
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 205,001	\$	592,322	\$	1,088,095	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 6 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

OPEB Expenses, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$166,697. As of June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Changes of assumptions Differences between expected and actual experiences Net differences between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date	red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Changes of assumptions	\$ 348,596	\$	147,484	
Differences between expected and actual experiences	23,922		95,758	
Net differences between projected and actual				
earnings on OPEB plan investments	190,489		-	
OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date	116,828		-	
Total	\$ 679,835	\$	243,242	

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the next fiscal year.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in future OPEB expenses as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Amount		
2024	\$	61,553	
2025		61,811	
2026		57,972	
2027		96,349	
2028		11,386	
Thereafter		30,694	
Total	\$	319,765	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 7 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Under contractual agreement, the County provides administrative services to the District, including personnel, and allocates costs related to these services and facilities to the District. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the County charged the District \$11,804 for salaries and benefits, operating costs, and administrative services. The County also charged the District \$56,392 for administrative and collection costs related to benefit assessments and property tax revenues.

NOTE 8 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; error and omissions and injuries to employees. The District and various other districts throughout the State of California formed the Vector Control Joint Power Agency (VCJPA) to provide coverage for workers' compensation, general and property liability exposures and to pay for the administration of the program. The Joint Powers Agreement established for its members the VCJPA General Liability and Workers' Compensation Plans.

The VCJPA is a "risk-sharing pool" and manages one pool for all members. The arrangement allows its members to transfer or pool risks and share in the cost of losses. The District currently reports all its risk management activities in its General Fund. Premiums due to the VCJPA are reported when incurred. Each member of the VCJPA pays an annual premium to the insurance system which is evaluated each year.

The agreement for the formation of the VCJPA provides that the system will be self-sustaining through member premiums and is insured through a commercial company for claims in excess of the self-insured retention.

VCJPA members are also permitted to deposit unobligated funds with the VCJPA in the Member Contingency Fund. The purpose of this fund is to pay for items not covered under VCJPA's pool programs. The District did not have any claims outstanding not covered by the pool programs. Deposit and withdrawal of unobligated funds may be made by the District at any time. As of June 30, 2023, the District had \$240,051 in the Member Contingency Fund.



PLACER MOSQUITO AND VECTOR CONTROL DISTRICT Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance — Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
		Original		Final		Amounts	(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	5,109,259	\$	5,109,259	\$	5,205,095	\$	95,836
Property taxes		385,023		385,023		391,875		6,852
Investment earnings		30,600		30,600		67,305		36,705
Rental income		6,000		6,000		5,237		(763)
Miscellaneous		20,000		20,000		15,849		(4,151)
Total revenues		5,550,882		5,550,882		5,685,361		134,479
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public health and integrated vector manager	ment:							
Salaries and benefits		3,098,669		3,098,669		2,913,325		185,344
Professional services		659,536		681,084		651,472		29,612
Public health pesticides		610,893		685,011		663,242		21,769
Administration and public information		225,034		237,388		186,396		50,992
Insurance		187,013		187,013		181,602		5,411
Fuel and lubricants		51,750		51,750		47,901		3,849
Utilities		154,738		149,738		117,409		32,329
Maintenance		120,210		141,882		128,657		13,225
Rents and leases		35,636		126,636		-		126,636
Membership dues and subscriptions		29,017		29,017		29,154		(137)
Travel and transportation		23,385		23,385		24,025		(640)
Legal services		15,000		15,000		13,197		1,803
Debt service:								
Principal		279,000		279,000		318,652		(39,652)
Interest		61,001		61,001		62,350		(1,349)
Capital outlay				76,753		135,477		(58,724) (*)
Total expenditures		5,550,882		5,843,327		5,472,859		370,468
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	(292,445)	\$	212,502	\$	504,947

^(*) Variance with final budget for capital outlay was due reporting new lease assets as capital outlay expenditure as required by GASB Statement No. 87.

The note to the required supplementary information is an integral part of this schedule.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

Fiscal Year	District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability		District's Covered Payroll		District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan's Proportionate Share of the Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Plan's Total Pension Liability	Measurement Date	
2015	0.00453%	\$	281,495	\$	1,181,197	23.83%	79.82%	6/30/2014	
2016	0.00393%		269,960		1,289,603	20.93%	78.40%	6/30/2015	
2017	0.00445%		384,878		1,312,324	29.33%	74.06%	6/30/2016	
2018	0.00489%		485,387		1,443,816	33.62%	73.31%	6/30/2017	
2019	0.00485%		467,374		1,555,261	30.05%	75.26%	6/30/2018	
2020	0.54100%		554,704		1,696,717	32.69%	75.26%	6/30/2019	
2021	0.60400%		657,068		1,871,876	35.10%	75.10%	6/30/2020	
2022	0.00614%		116,564		1,815,514	6.42%	90.49%	6/30/2021	
2023	0.01897%		887,737		1,867,685	47.53%	78.19%	6/30/2022	

⁽¹⁾ Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, therefore only nine years are shown.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of District's Pension Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years ⁽¹⁾

Fiscal Year	De	ctuarially etermined ntributions	Rela Ac De	ributions in ation to the ctuarially termined atribution	De	ntribution eficiency Excess)	Cov	ered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2015	\$	133,708	\$	133,708	\$	_	\$	1,289,603	10.37%
2016		108,970		108,970		-		1,312,324	8.30%
2017		124,838		124,838		-		1,443,816	8.65%
2018		137,419		137,419		-		1,555,261	8.84%
2019		160,717		160,717		-		1,696,717	9.47%
2020		181,585		181,585		-		1,871,876	9.70%
2021		207,919		207,919		-		1,815,514	11.45%
2022		221,995		221,995		-		1,867,685	11.89%
2023		245,517		245,517		_		2,094,553	11.72%

⁽¹⁾ Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, therefore only nine years are shown.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	2023 2022		2021		2020		2019		2018	
Total OPEB Liability										
Service cost	\$	100,397	\$ 114,285	\$	110,956	\$ 101,051	\$	93,974	\$	83,936
Interest cost		132,895	138,529		124,790	109,909		98,783		77,722
Differences between expected and actual										
experience		=	(105,086)		=	(13,008)		=		56,988
Changes of assumptions		269,598	(178,500)		-	51,462		43,516		106,300
Benefit payments		(21,363)	 (30,146)		(28,497)	 (35,754)		(30,539)		(13,537)
Net change in total OPEB liability		481,527	(60,918)		207,249	213,660		205,734		311,409
Total OPEB liability - beginning		1,954,819	2,015,737		1,808,488	1,594,828		1,389,094		1,077,685
Total OPEB liability — ending (a)	\$	2,436,346	\$ 1,954,819	\$	2,015,737	\$ 1,808,488	\$	1,594,828	\$	1,389,094
Plan Fiduciary Net Position										
Contributions - employer	\$	187,363	\$ 161,018	\$	166,905	\$ 169,880	\$	116,868	\$	185,034
Net investment income/(loss)		(242,501)	294,162		69,756	76,338		57,796		54,736
Benefit payments		(21,363)	(30,146)		(28,497)	(35,754)		(30,539)		(13,537)
Administrative expense		(486)	(545)		(636)	(233)		(492)		(411)
Other expenses		· -			=	=		(1,239)		` <u>-</u>
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(76,987)	424,489		207,528	210,231		142,394		225,822
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		1,921,011	1,496,522		1,288,994	1,078,763		936,369		710,547
Plan fiduciary net position — ending (b)	\$	1,844,024	\$ 1,921,011	\$	1,496,522	\$ 1,288,994	\$	1,078,763	\$	936,369
Net OPEB liability – ending (a) - (b)	\$	592,322	\$ 33,808	\$	519,215	\$ 519,494	\$	516,065	\$	452,725
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		75.69%	98.27%		74.24%	71.27%		67.64%		67.41%
Covered Payroll	\$	1,877,668	\$ 1,842,947	\$	1,757,954	\$ 1,743,007	\$	1,604,713	\$	1,443,816
Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		31.55%	1.83%		29.54%	29.80%		32.16%		31.36%
Measurement Date		6/30/2022	6/30/2021		6/30/2020	6/30/2019		6/30/2018		6/30/2017

⁽¹⁾ Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation of GASB Statement No. 75, therefore only six years are shown.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of District's OPEB Contributions

Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

Actuarially Determined Fiscal Contributions Year (ADC)		Contributions in Relation to the ADC		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Covered Payroll		Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		
2018	\$	110,465	\$	116,868	\$	(6,403)	\$	1,604,713	7.28%	
2019		134,126		169,880		(35,754)		1,743,007	9.75%	
2020		138,408		166,905		(28,497)		1,757,954	9.49%	
2021		161,018		161,018		-		1,842,947	8.74%	
2022		113,686		187,363		(73,677)		1,877,668	9.98%	
2023		116,828		130,959		(14,131)		2,042,943	6.41%	
Notes to so										
Valuation	Valuation date for setting the ADC			June 30, 2021		Jui	ne 30, 2019	June 30, 2017		
		umptions used	to dete	ermine contril	bution ra	ates:				
Actua	rial cost	method			Entry	Age Normal	F	Entry Age	Entry Age Normal, Level % of Pay	
Amortization method				Leve	Level % of Pay,		el % of Pay,	Level % of Pay,		
					Clos	sed 30 year	Clo	sed 30 year	Closed 30 year	
						period		period	period	
Amort	ization	period			29 y	ears remain	21 y	years remain	24 years remain	
Asset	valuatio	on method			Marke	t value assets	M	arket value	Market value	
Inflati	on					2.50%		2.50%	2.75%	
Health	care co	st trend rates				% in 2022,		0% in 2021,	7.50% in 2019,	
						ating down to		ing down .1%	stepping down	
					3.90	% in 2075	each	year to 4.0%	.5% each year to	
								in 2076	5.0% in 2024	
Salary	increas	es				3.00%		3.00%	3.25%	
•		te of return				6.40%		6.55%	6.73%	
Morta	lity				Call	PERS 2017	Cal	PERS 2017	CalPERS 2014	
					Expe	rience Study	Expe	erience Study	Experience Study	
Morta	lity imp	rovement			Mac	Leod Watts	Mac	cLeod Watts	MacLeod Watts	
	. 1					ale 2020		cale 2020	Scale 2017	
					Gen	erationally	Ge	nerationally	Generationally	

⁽¹⁾ Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation of GASB Statement No. 75, therefore only six years are shown.

Note to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE A – BUDGETARY AND LEGAL COMPLIANCE

Formal budgetary accounting is employed by the District as a management control for the District's general fund. The Board of Trustees adopts an annual budget each fiscal year. The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Budgetary control is exercised at the total expenditure level, excluding capital outlay, which is exercised at the total capital outlay line item level. All amendments to the budget are reflected in the financial statements and require the approval of the Board of Trustees. All unencumbered annual appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year. There are no encumbrances outstanding at year-end.





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees Placer Mosquito & Vector Control District Roseville, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, and the general fund of Placer Mosquito & Vector Control District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Placer Mosquito & Vector Control District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 17, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Placer Mosquito & Vector Control District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Placer Mosquito & Vector Control District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Placer Mosquito & Vector Control District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Placer Mosquito & Vector Control District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Roseville, California April 17, 2024

